





PHOTOCHEMICAL REACTOR SETUP (SIMPLE MODEL)

Model Number: PCR Setup (Simple Model-250W)

User Manual

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The photochemical reactor is used to carry out a photochemical reaction, water splitting, and photochlorination reaction. The reaction takes place in the presence of a photon and catalyst. Hence it is called a photocatalysis reaction or photochemical reaction. The reactor is also known as the photocatalytic reactor. The photochemical reactor Simple Model setup includes triple jacketed immersion well, a Xenon lamp or medium and high-pressure mercury lamp (as per requirement), a lamp power supply, and a simple cabinet.

Triple Jacked reactor with Immersion Well

Double-Jacketed immersion well in Quartz material permits water cooling of lamps and filtering or excitation radiation. It is specially manufactured by GE Quartz, where maximum radiation transmission is possible. Their outermost jacket is made of a Borosilicate glass, where the required solution has been stirred.



Specifications

| Descriptions | Specifications |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Glass type | UV borosilicate glass is highly durable and tested at 650 °C |
| Quartz Type | GE Quartz tested at 1100 °C |
| Outside Glass Reactor Ports | Teflon-Glass B7R Threaded Port to take-out Liquid Sample Teflon-Glass B7R Threaded Port for Thermocouple Teflon-Glass B7R Threaded Port to take-out Gas Sample |
| Reactor Design | Threaded Outer Borosilicate reactor with Teflon |
| Reactor bottom | C flat suitable for magnetic bar N 12 type |
| Immersion Well (Dimensions) | OD – 75mm, ID – 49mm, Height – 350mm |
| Outer Glass Jacket (Dimensions) | 150 ml Capacity: OD - 90mm, Height - 290mm 250 ml Capacity: OD - 100mm, Height - 260mm 500 ml Capacity: OD - 100mm, Height - 290mm 1000 ml Capacity: OD - 120mm, Height - 290mm |

Important Note:

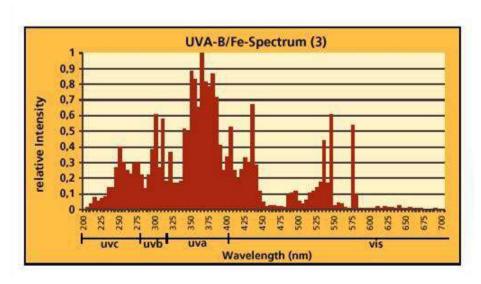
Customisation can be provided as per capacity, number of ports, and immersion well. The reactor capacity above 1 liter will be provided under the customizations. We also offer agitator-type reactors.

Types of Lamps for Photoreactions

- 1. Low-Pressure Mercury Lamps emit over 90% of their energy at 254 nm providing a valuable source of ultraviolet radiation for photoreactions.
- 2. Medium-pressure mercury lamps have much greater arcs and radiate peaks predominantly at 254nm, 356nm, and 365nm and cover the spectrum range of 200nm 400nm emits in a UV range. Since it mainly emits UV range, it is also known as UV Lamp. The choice of lamp power and Lamp is determined by the nature of the photoreaction and volume of the reactant solution.
- 3. The high-pressure mercury lamp has the spectrum range from 360nm to 800nm and predominantly gives peaks at 520nm, which emits visible light range. Since it mainly emits visible light range, it is also known as a Visible Lamp.
- 4. The Xenon (Xe) arc lamp is designed and developed to emit the high luminescence light in bright white colour. Since it contains a highly pure ionized Xe gas, hence it is called a Xenon lamp. It is also known as a gas discharge lamp. The xenon arc lamp has two significant categories that differentiate with variation in the composition. In one case, the tube was filled with only Xe gas and the other with a small portion of mercury. The other one is known as a xenon-mercury lamp. Currently, our reactor has been equipped with Short Arc Xenon Lamp.

Medium Pressure Mercury lamp (UV lamp)

| Specifications | 125W | 250W | 450W | 1000W |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Lamp length | 290mm, Including Mounting | 290mm, Including Mounting | 290mm, Including Mounting | 290mm, Including Mounting |
| Lamp Teflon Holder | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Lamp diameter | 13mm | 18mm | 18mm | 28mm |
| Average lamp life | 800 hr | 800 hr | 800 hr | 600 hr |
| Input Voltage | 220V | 220V | 220V | 220V |
| Operating voltage | 110-120V, 3.2Amp | 110-120V, 3.2Amp | 110-120V, 3.2Amp | 110-120V, 3.2Amp |
| Spectral range of Lamp | 200nm-400nm | 200nm-400nm | 200nm-400nm | 200nm-400nm |
| Peaks @ | 254nm, 356nm, and 365nm | 254nm, 356nm, and 365nm | 254nm, 356nm, and 365nm | 254nm, 356nm, and 365nm |
| Arc Length | 62mm | 80mm | 125 mm | 164mm |





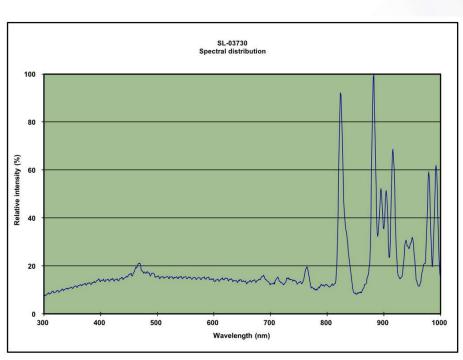
High-Pressure Mercury lamp (Visible Lamp)

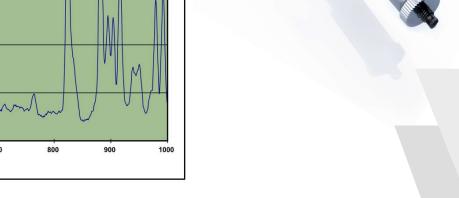
| Specifications | 125W | 250W | 450W |
|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Lamp length | 290mm, Including Mounting | 290mm, Including Mounting | 290mm, Including Mounting |
| Lamp Teflon Holder | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Lamp diameter | 13mm | 18mm | 18mm |
| Average lamp life | 800 hr | 800 hr | 800 hr |
| Input Voltage | Input Voltage 220V | | 220V |
| Operating voltage | 110-120V, 3.2Amp | 110-120V, 3.2Amp | 110-120V, 3.2Amp |
| Spectral range of Lamp | 365nm-800nm | 365nm-800nm | 365nm-800nm |
| Peaks @ | 356nm and 365nm | 356nm and 365nm | 356nm and 365nm |
| Arc Length | 62 mm | 80 mm | 125 mm |



Short Arc Xenon lamp

| Specifications | 75W | 150W | 350W | 500W |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Arc Length | 1.5mm | 2.6mm | 3mm | 4mm |
| Operating Current | 5A | 8.5A | 16A | 25A |
| Luminous flux | 1400Lm | 3200Lm | 11500Lm | 14200Lm |
| Spectral Range | 185 to 2000nm | 185 to 2000nm | 185 to 2000nm | 185 to 2000nm |
| Average Life | 1000 hrs | 1000 hrs | 1000 hrs | 1000 hrs |
| Cooling Type | Air Cooling | Air Cooling | Air Cooling | Air Cooling |
| Cooling Speed | 5 M/sec | 5 M/sec | 5 M/sec | 5 M/sec |
| Base | Anode SFc94 & Cathode SFa93 | Anode SFc12-4 & Cathode SFc12-4 | Anode SFc1-35 & Cathode SFc1-35 | Anode SFc1-76 & Cathode SFc1-76 |
| Input Voltage | 220V | 220V | 220V | 220V |
| Operating Voltage | 14V | 18V | 22V | 25V |





Safety Cabinet for Photochemical Reactor

| Description | Specification |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Safety cabinet | Safety switch for UV lamp electronic ballast control along with the step-down transformer Electrical plug socket (1 nos.) Silicon tubing (ID 10mm, OD 14mm) Clamp based in-build reactor Holding Stand |
| System Control | Manual UV Lamp Operation |
| Temperature Display | No |
| Digital Magnetic Stirrer | No |
| Digital Volt meter | (Yes on Power Supply) |
| Exhaust system | Yes |
| Locking system | Dual Locking System |
| Lamp Power Supply | A suitable power supply as per Lamp |
| Safety | UV light protected Goggles |

Applications:

- ✓ Photochlorination
- √ Water Splitting
- ✓ Water treatment
- ✓ Pharmaceuticals industry
- ✓ Research and development laboratories Educational institutes
- ✓ Alternative Energy
- ✓ Environmental Engineering

How to Install or Use Photochemical Reactor?

- 1. Make ready all the equipment required during the photochemical reaction.
- 2. Make sure that all the connections fit correctly.
- 3. Start the main switch of the cabinet, and start the water circulation system for the colling of the lamp. (Not in the case of the Xenon lamp, since air cooling is required for the Xenon)
- 4. Place the magnetic stirrer inside the cabinet.
- 5. Ensure that the electrical connection inside the cabinet chamber are working, and then connect the magnetic stirrer to the given connections.
- 6. Placed triple-walled jacketed reactor over a magnetic stirrer.
- 7. Placed a magnetic needle into the reactor and checked with a stirrer whether it was revolving correctly. Maybe some time researcher has to adjust the position of the reactor on the stirrer to fix the proper revolving place.
- 8. Fill the reactor with suitable photosensitive chemicals through one port provided at the side of the reactor.
- 9. Now place the lamp of the required power inside the double-walled quartz reactor.
- 10. Then connect the lamp connections, which are hanging at the top.
- 11. Now close the door and lock it with the provided key.
- 12. Once again, ensure that all the above points have done.
- 13. Start the water circulation system before the start of the lamp.
- 14. The lamp starts by pressing the direct button given the Power supply.
- 15. The Digital Voltage meter on the power supply is the operating voltage of the complete setup.

Safety Tips

- 1. Please note that the Lamp switches ON only after chilled water start circulating in the Quartz jacketed tube.
- 2. Once started, the lamp would work continuously for up to 5 hours if proper procedure is followed.
- Never separate the main reactor from the Quartz Jacketed tube until the entire assembly cools down, as the threaded joint will not detach unless it cools down to room temperature.
- 4. The standard life of High & medium-pressure UV lamps is 700 hours if used as per the instructions provided
- 5. Always use safety goggles when switching UV light.
- 6. A sufficient space of a minimum of 15mm needs to maintain between the Quartz jacketed tube and the reactor between which the magnetic bar would rotate.
- 7. In the case of Xenon Lamp, the connection is separately given with proper colour identifications.
- 8. Connect the wire with a Red indication to the Red side and the wire with Black indications to the Black side.
- 9. For Xenon Lamp, use only Air cooling through immersion well.

Feel Free to Reach Us

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